

BULL MARKET IN FEAR

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We live in uncertain times... a bull market in fear
Volatility is the market price of uncertainty



“You cannot stop the waves, but you can learn to surf”
Jon Kabat-Zinn

What is Volatility?

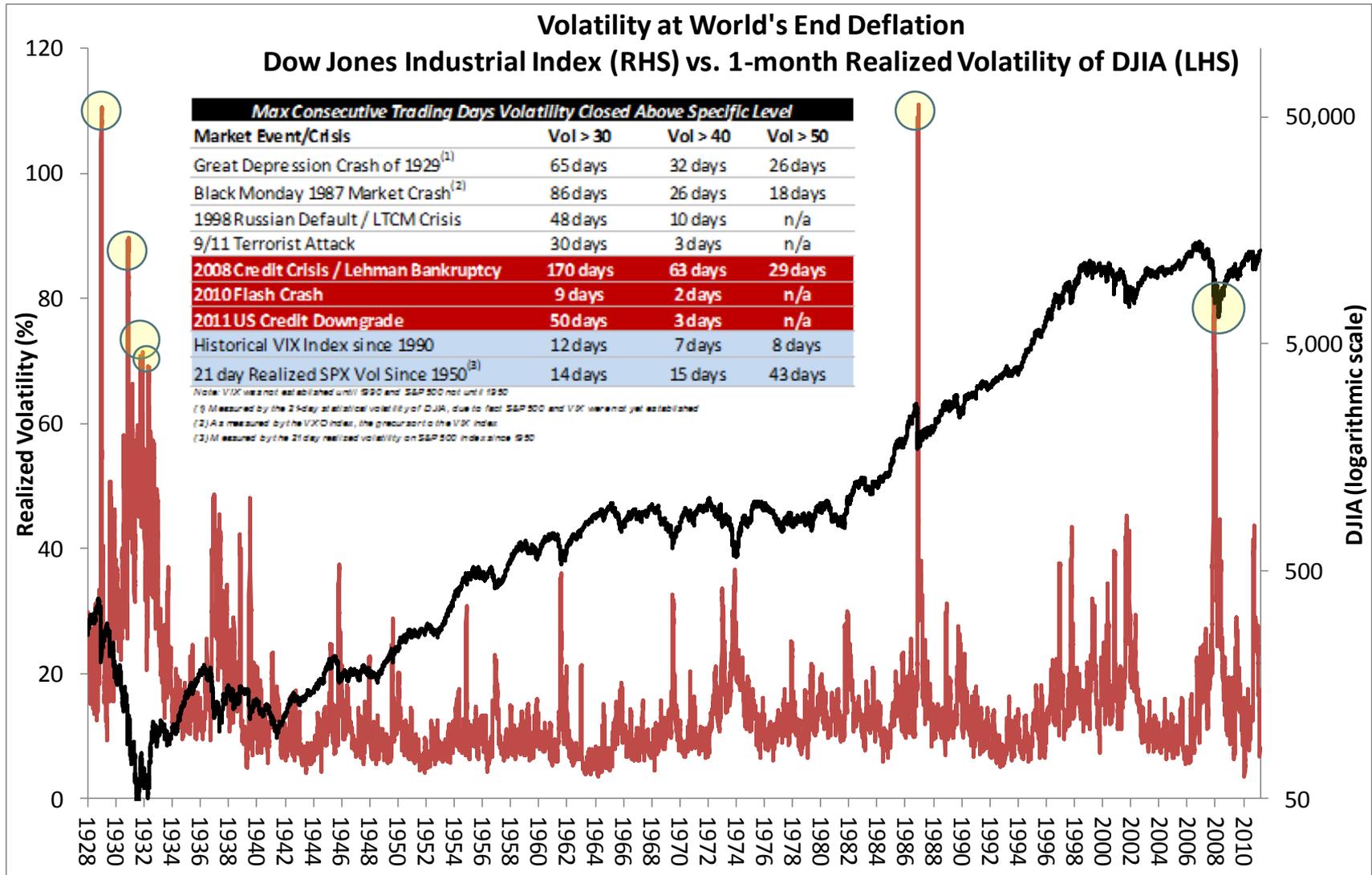
Volatility at World's End Deflation

Imagine the world economy as an armada of ships passing through a narrow and dangerous strait between the *waterfall of deflation* and *hellfire of inflation*
Our resolution to avoid one fate may damn us to the other



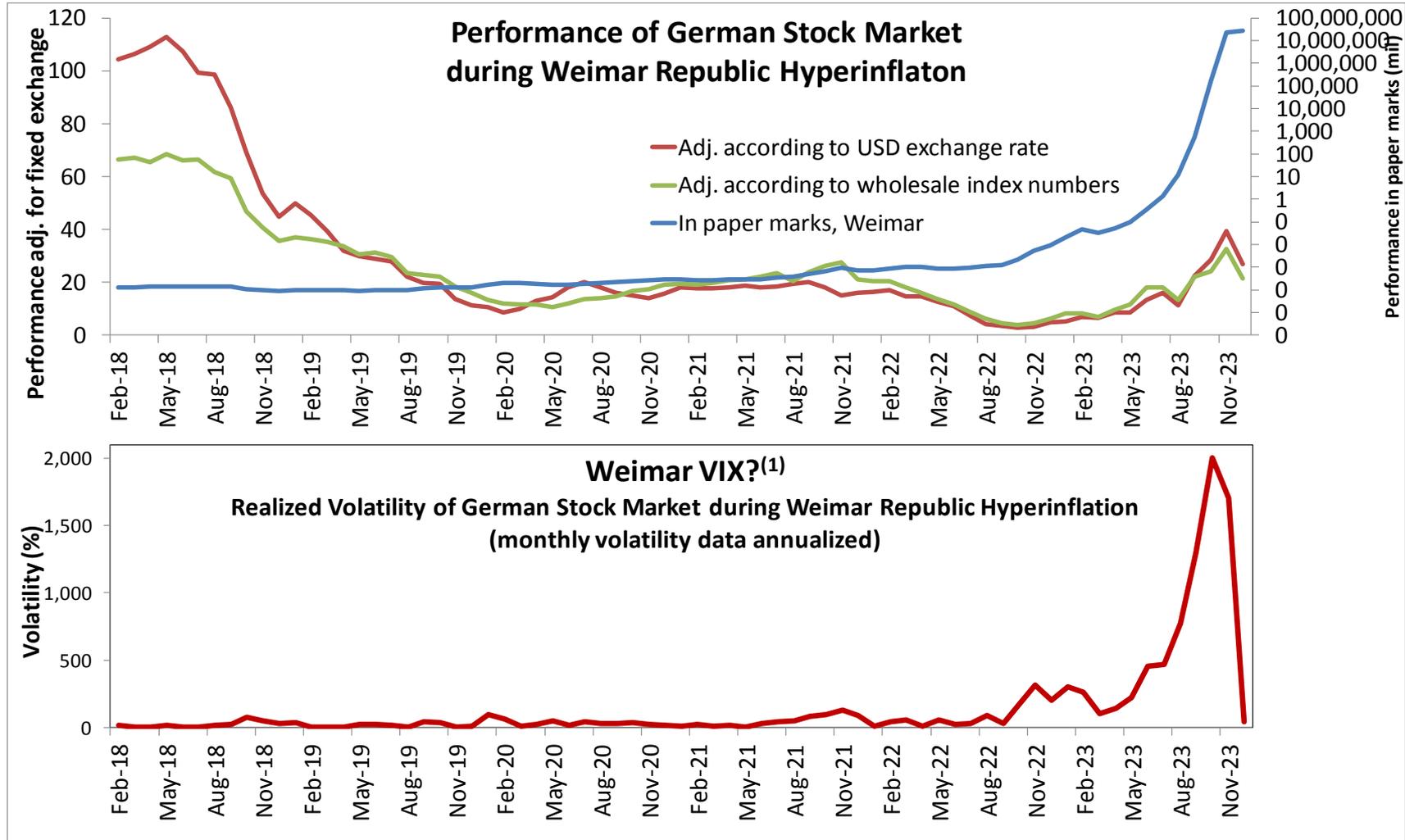
Volatility in World's End Deflation

Volatility shocks are rightfully associated with deflationary crashes



Volatility in Hellfire of Inflation

Extreme volatility can also occur in hyperinflation



Source: "Economics of Inflation; A Study of Currency Depreciation in Post-War Germany" by Constantino Bresciani-Turroni Out of Print / 1968
 (1) Based upon monthly realized variance from available stock price data.



Everything you need to know about trading volatility

“There are known knowns; there are things we know that we know. There are known unknowns; that is to say there are things that, we now know we don't know. But there are also unknown unknowns – there are things we do not know, we don't know.”

Donald Rumsfeld, United States Secretary of Defense

Known Unknowns

- US Fiscal Cliff
- China hard landing
- War with Iran
- European Crisis
- Global Recession
- Fiscal Austerity

Volatility

- Vanilla Options
- VIX Index
- Realized Volatility
- Variance Swap

Risks that you know and can quantify

Risks that you know but can't quantify

Unknown Unknowns



Volatility of Volatility

- Forward Volatility
- Convexity
- Tail Risk Hedging
- Vol Curve Trades

Risks that you don't know but could quantify

Risks that you don't know and can't quantify

Two very different styles of crash depending...

Known Unknowns

Debt-Cycle Crash

(2008 Crash, Great Depression)

- Crash occurs over time (months)
- Slow recovery
- Natural end of leveraging cycle
- High volatility for long period
- Elevated volatility-of-volatility
- Start of a recession or depression

**Predictable
(in retrospect)**

Unknown Unknowns

Existential Flash Crash

(Black Monday 1987, 2010 Crash)

- Hyper-speed crash (days, seconds)
- Fast recovery
- Market fragmentation
- Extreme volatility for shorter period
- Extreme volatility-of-volatility
- Omen of future recession (often)

**Unpredictable
(even In retrospect)**

What is the “Bull Market in Fear”?

New paradigm for pricing risk that emerged after the 2008 financial crisis as related to our collective fear of the next deflationary crash

Bull Market in Fear is Defined by

- 1. Abnormally Steep Volatility Term-Structure**
- 2. Distortions in Volatility from Monetary Policy**
- 3. Expensive Portfolio Insurance**
- 4. Violent Volatility Spikes and Hyper-Correlation**



Structural imbalances in supply-demand dynamics of volatility markets

I. Emotional

- Post-traumatic Deflation Disorder
- Desire for safety and security at any cost

II. Monetary

- Forced participation in risk assets drives desire for hedging
- Unspoken feeling that gains in financial assets are “artificial”

III. Macro-Risks

- Debtor-developed economies face structural headwinds
- Unrest in Middle East

IV. Regulatory

- Government regulation (Dodd-Frank, Volcker rule) has constrained risk appetite for banks to supply volatility
- Lower demand for structured products by investors

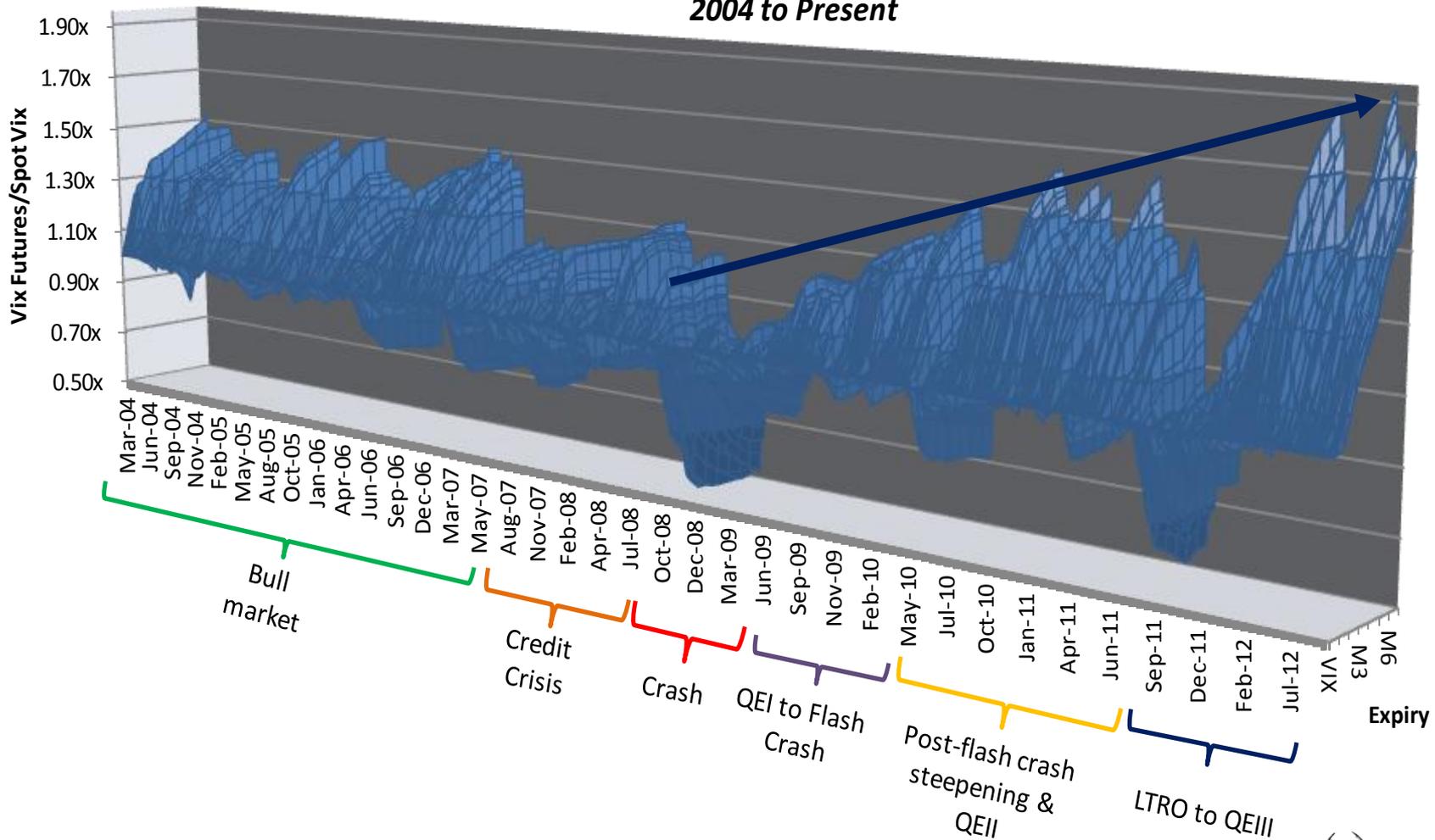
Greater
Demand for
Volatility

Less Supply
of Volatility

Abnormally Steep Volatility Term Structure

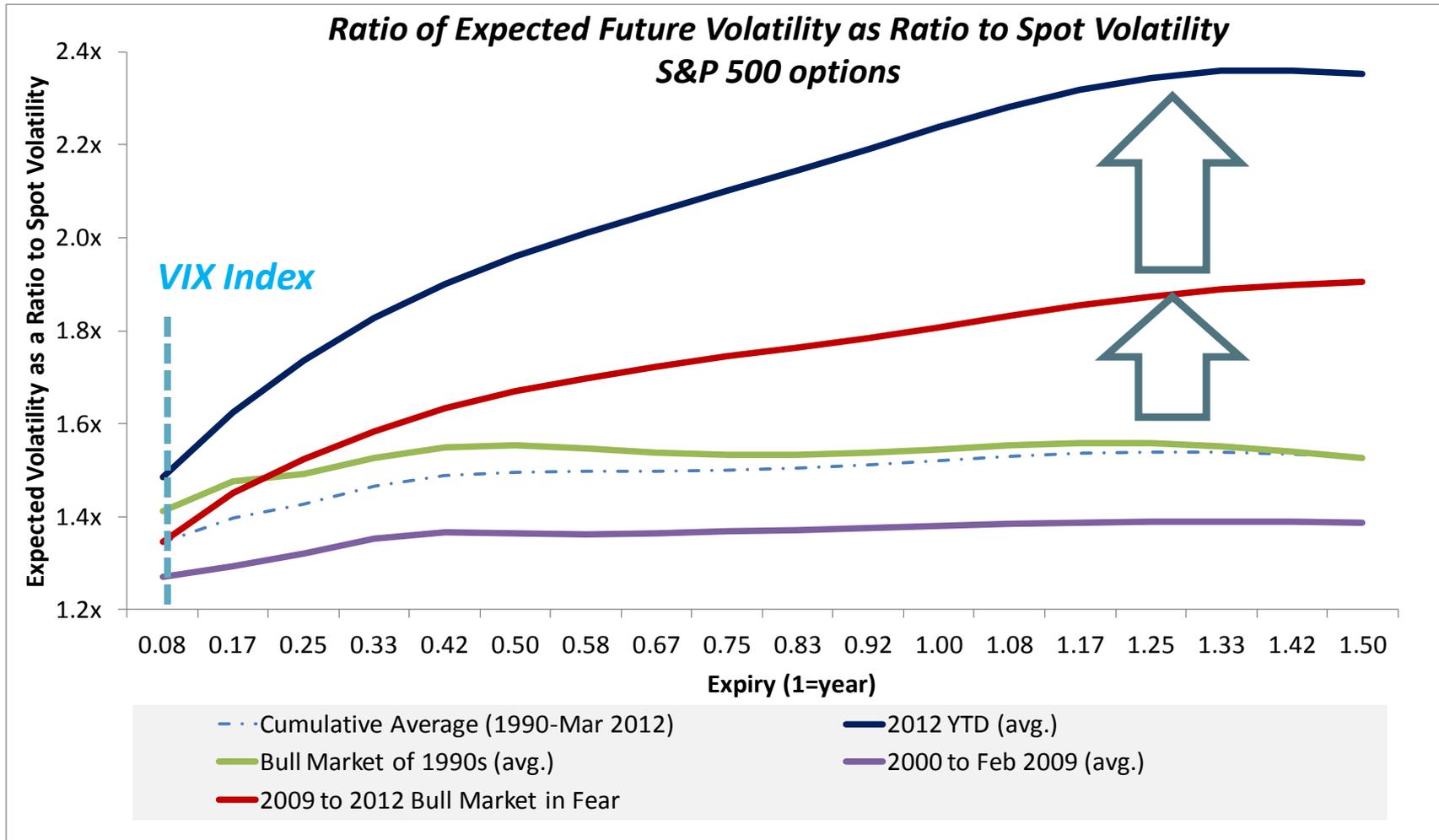
"There is no terror in the bang, only in the anticipation of it." Alfred Hitchcock
Volatility term-structure measures the anticipation of future volatility

*Bull Market in Fear / VIX Futures Curve (normalized by spot VIX)
2004 to Present*



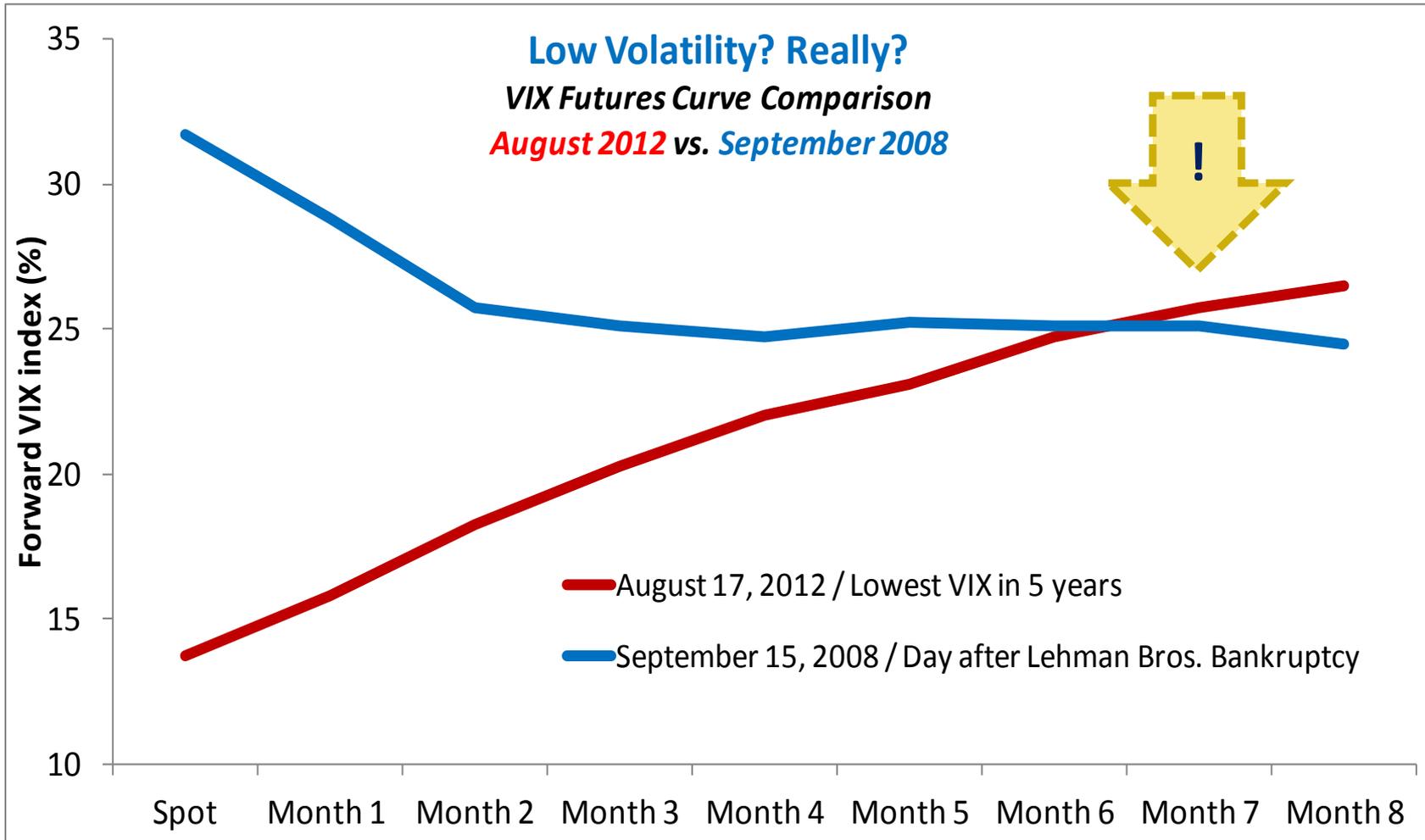
Abnormally Steep Volatility Term Structure

The most extreme term-structure for S&P 500 index volatility in two decades reflects continued anticipation of a deflationary collapse



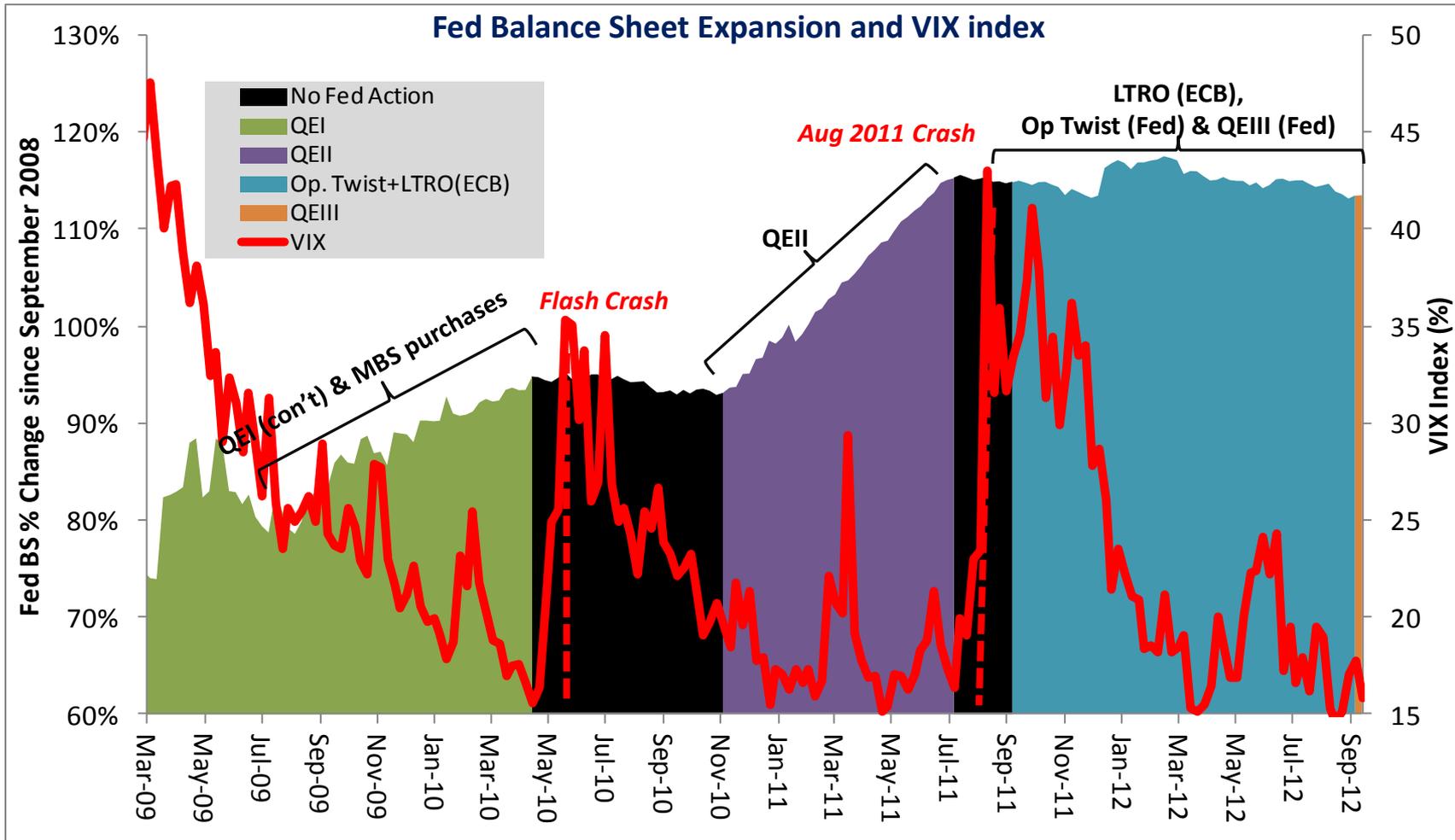
Volatility is cheap and expensive at the same time

Low VIX index does not mean cheap volatility



Volatility Regimes Defined by Central Banking

Volatility spikes consistently occur after the end of central bank balance sheet expansion



Since 2008 global central banks have expanded their balance sheets by \$9 trillion - enough fiat money to buy every person on earth a 55" wide-screen 3D television

Post-Traumatic-Deflation-Disorder (PTDD)

Tail Events are now priced as if they are standard risks

Highly unlikely events are either ignored or vastly over weighted based on our collective experiences

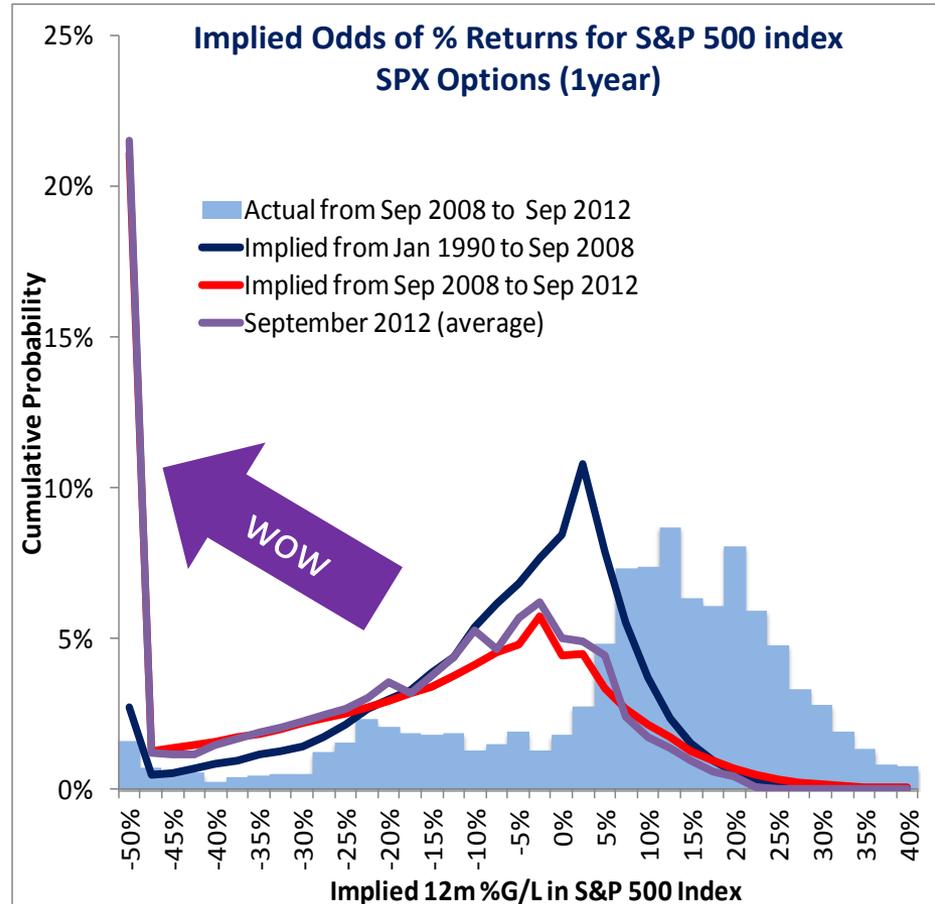
Lifetime odds of Dying from these causes is 1 in 4.7⁽¹⁾

Black Swan?

Heart Disease
1 in 6

Stroke
1 in 28

Car Crash
1 in 88



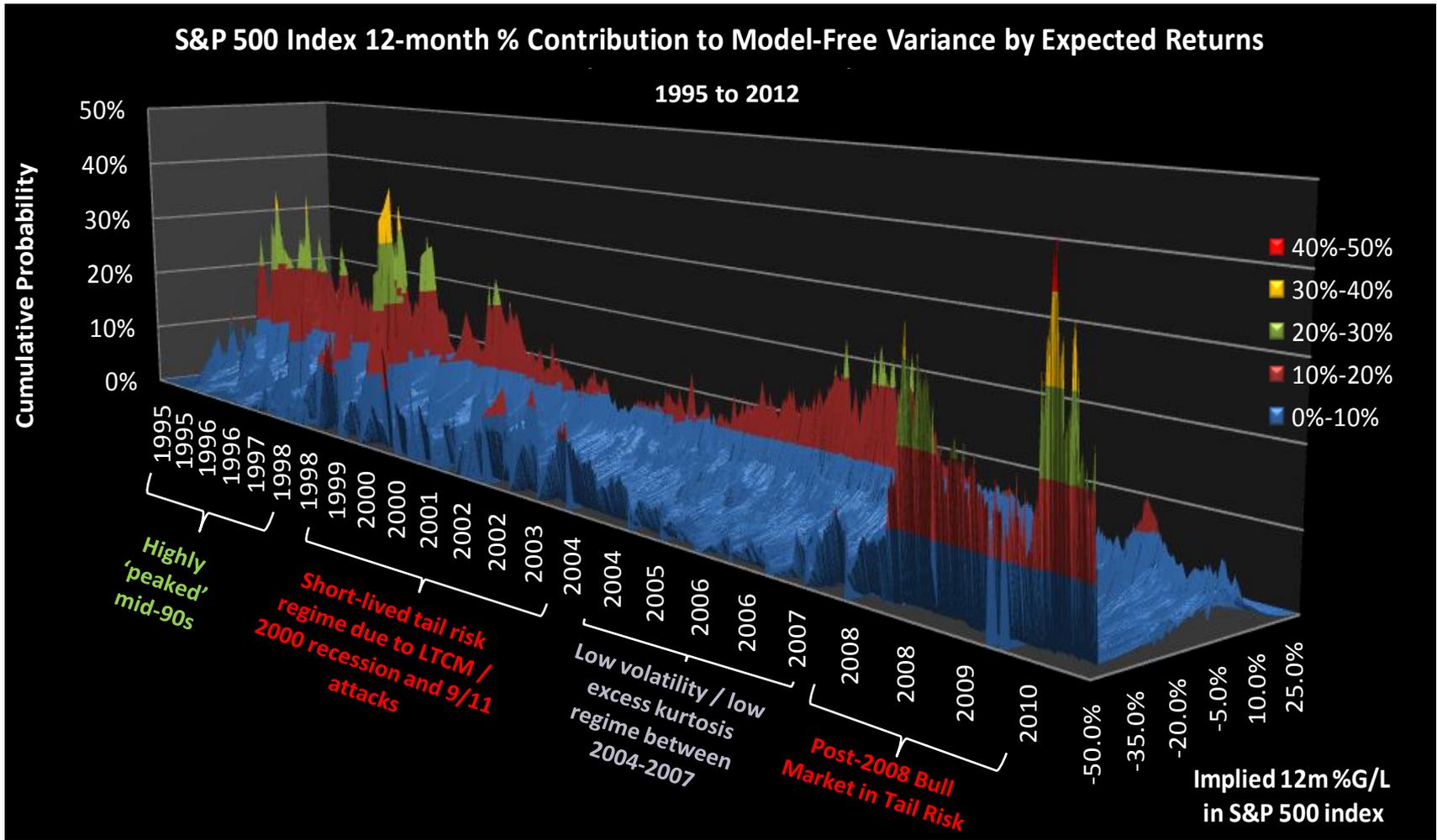
A “black swan” is not dying because your parachute didn’t open while skydiving.... it is dying because the guy whose parachute didn’t open landed on you while you were golfing

Note: Artemis calculates the implied probability distribution using interpolated weights from variance swap pricing. This methodology may occasionally give higher weightings to tails in down markets than other methods like taking the second derivative of call prices, fitting mixture of normal PDFs to recover prices, or fitting vol models (SVI,SABR).

(1) "Lifetime Odds of Death for Selected Causes, United States, 2007" / National Safety Council 2011 Edition

High Cost of Tail Risk Insurance

Fear of deflation is not MISPLACED but it is MISPRICED
You are not smart for hedging what everyone else already knows!



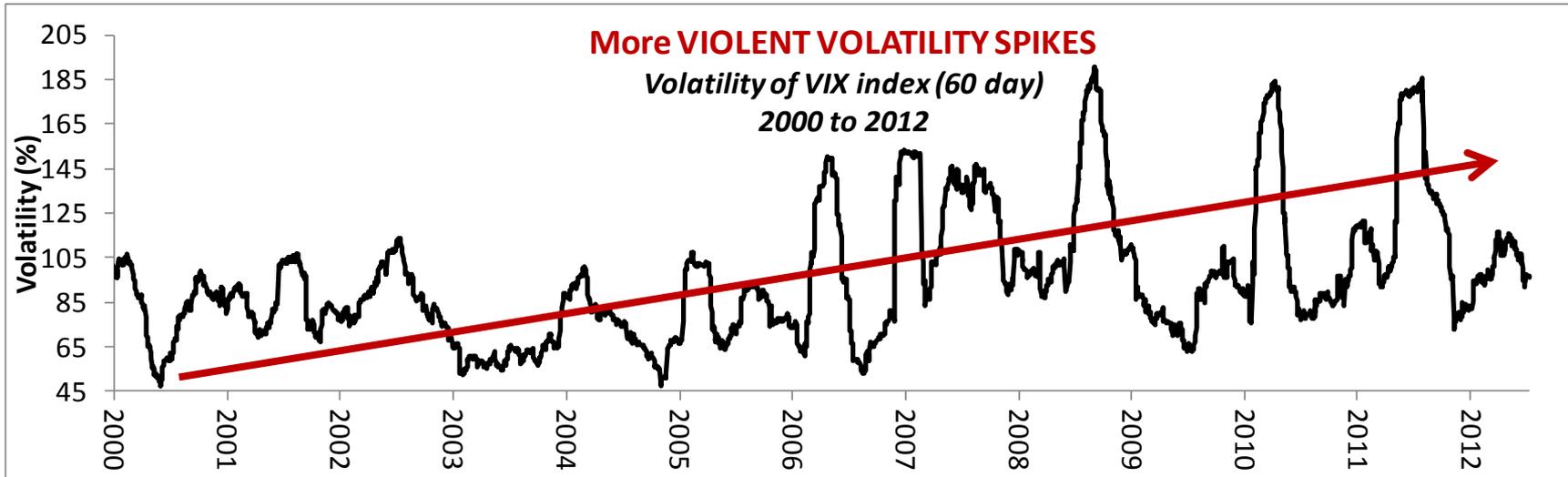
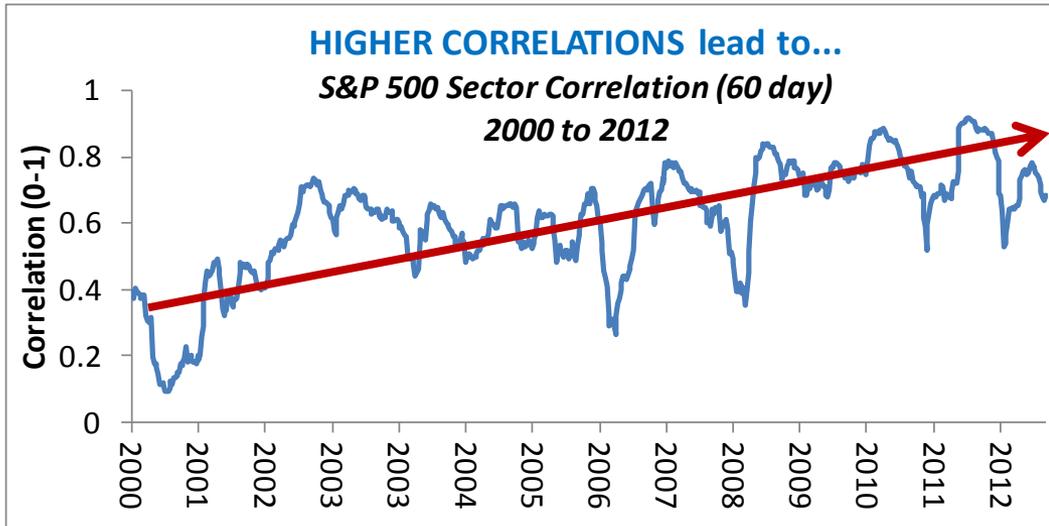
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Extreme Volatility-of-Volatility and Hyper-Correlations

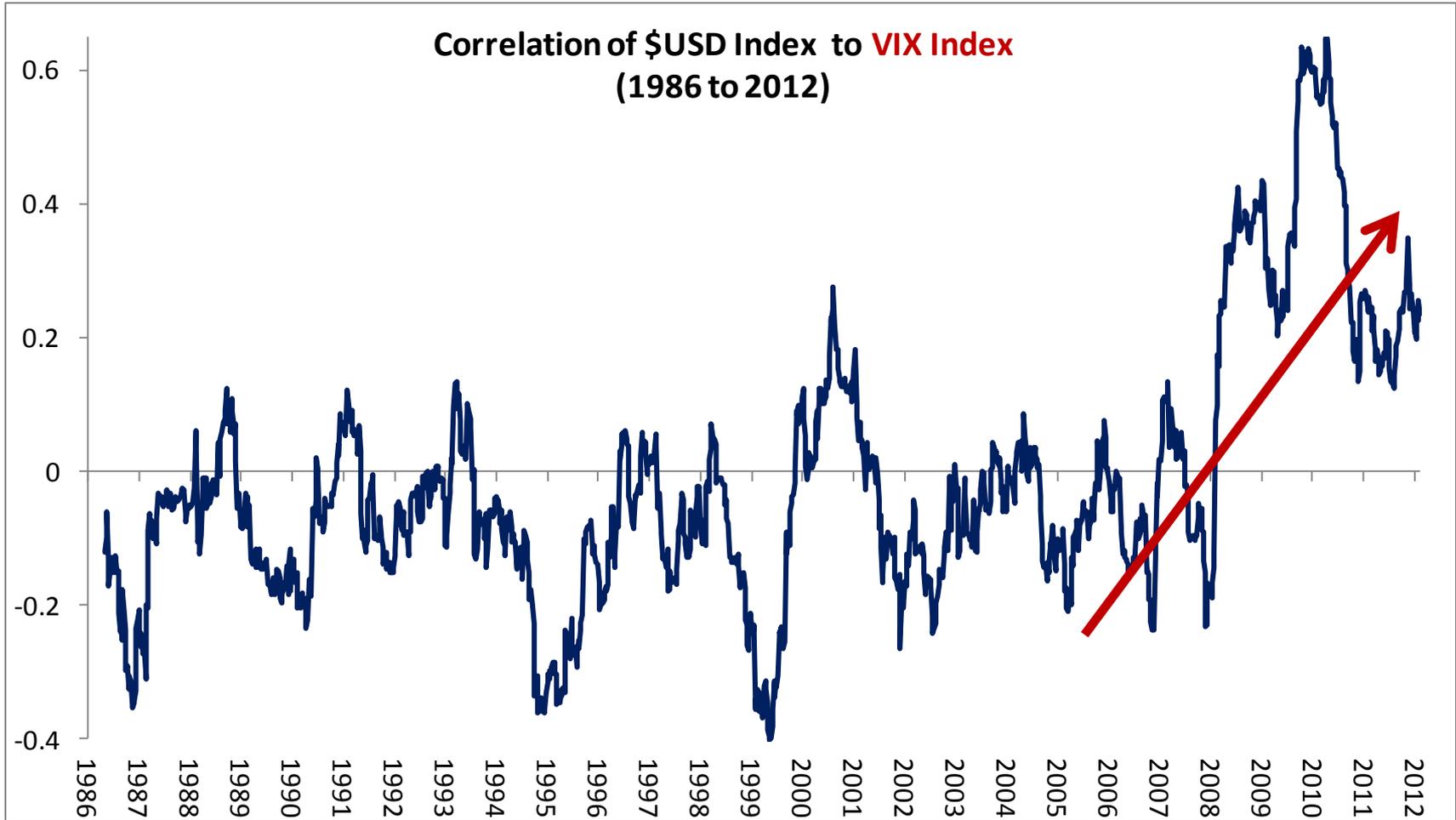
Fire Risk is High Today in the Forest

Higher correlations are **kindling** for violent volatility **fires** (spike)



Extreme Volatility-of-Volatility and Hyper-Correlations

Volatility is a Shadow Currency in the Bull Market for Fear
\$USD currency index strength = Higher Volatility



Note: Prior to 1990 there was not VIX index. We have substituted the CBOE VXO index, the precursor to the VIX, which was available starting in 1986.

How to beat a “Bull Market in Fear”

Hedge unknown unknowns and sell known unknowns

When the market identifies a risk it is usually overpriced in volatility markets

The more we fear the left tail the more you should buy the right

Tail risk pricing (both left and right) has been consistently late to the game

Fear is a better reason to buy than fundamentals

Volatility (fear) is an effective leading indicator to inform asset allocation

When Risk-Free is Risky... buy Volatility on Safety Itself!

when a “bull market in fear” meets a “bubble in safety” bet on interest rate volatility

Bet on unknown unknowns... don't hedge known unknowns

Volatility markets are surprisingly bad at predicting future risk

When markets identify a 'known unknown' that risk traditionally is overblown or at the very minimum over-hedged

Fiscal Cliff or Volatility of Volatility Cliff?

Predicted Volatility of VIX vs. Realized Vol of VIX

October 2012

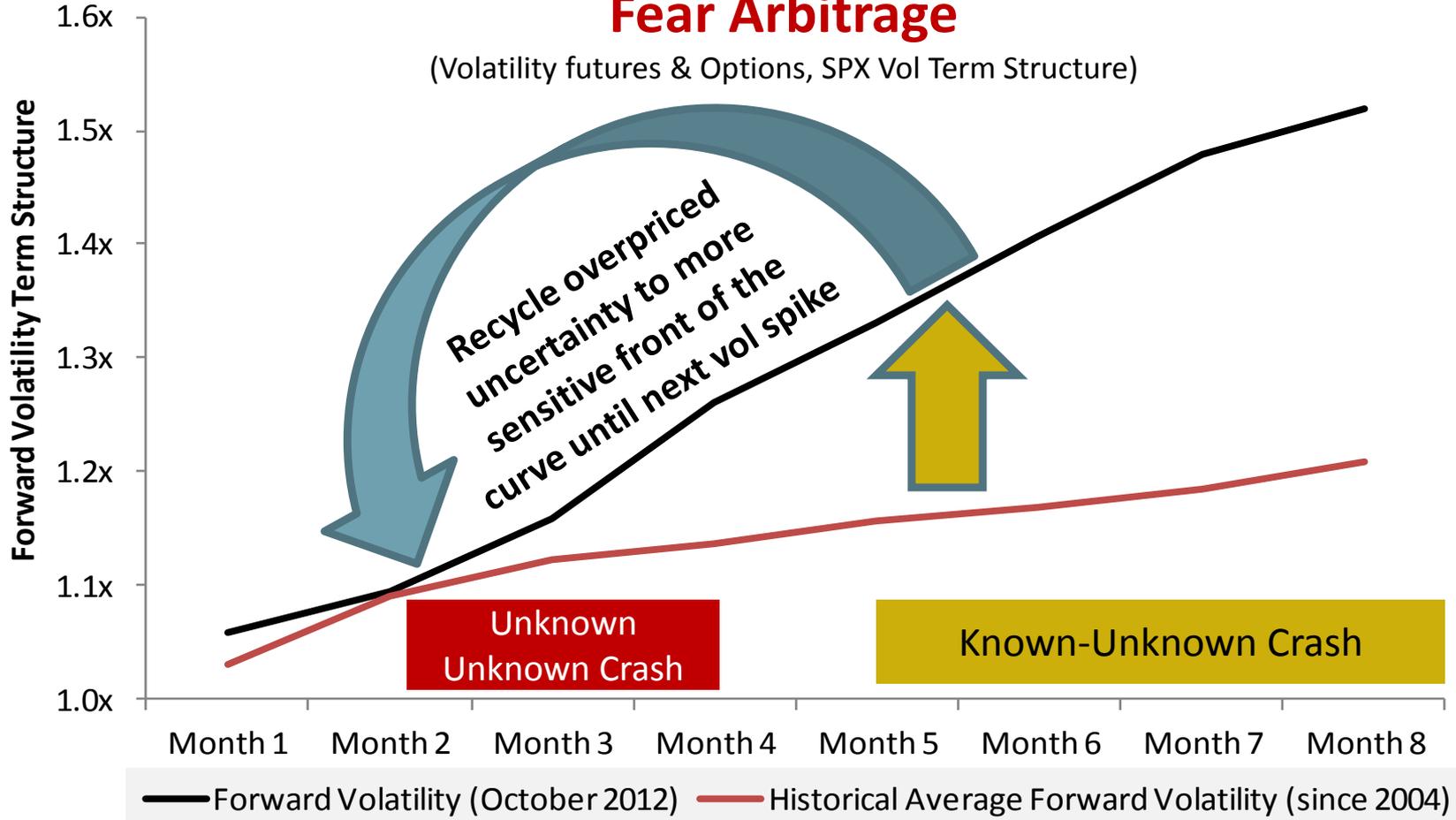


Bet on unknown unknowns... don't hedge known unknowns

Sell "known unknowns" and Buy "unknown unknowns"...
...monetize the bull market in fear by playing the term structure

Fear Arbitrage

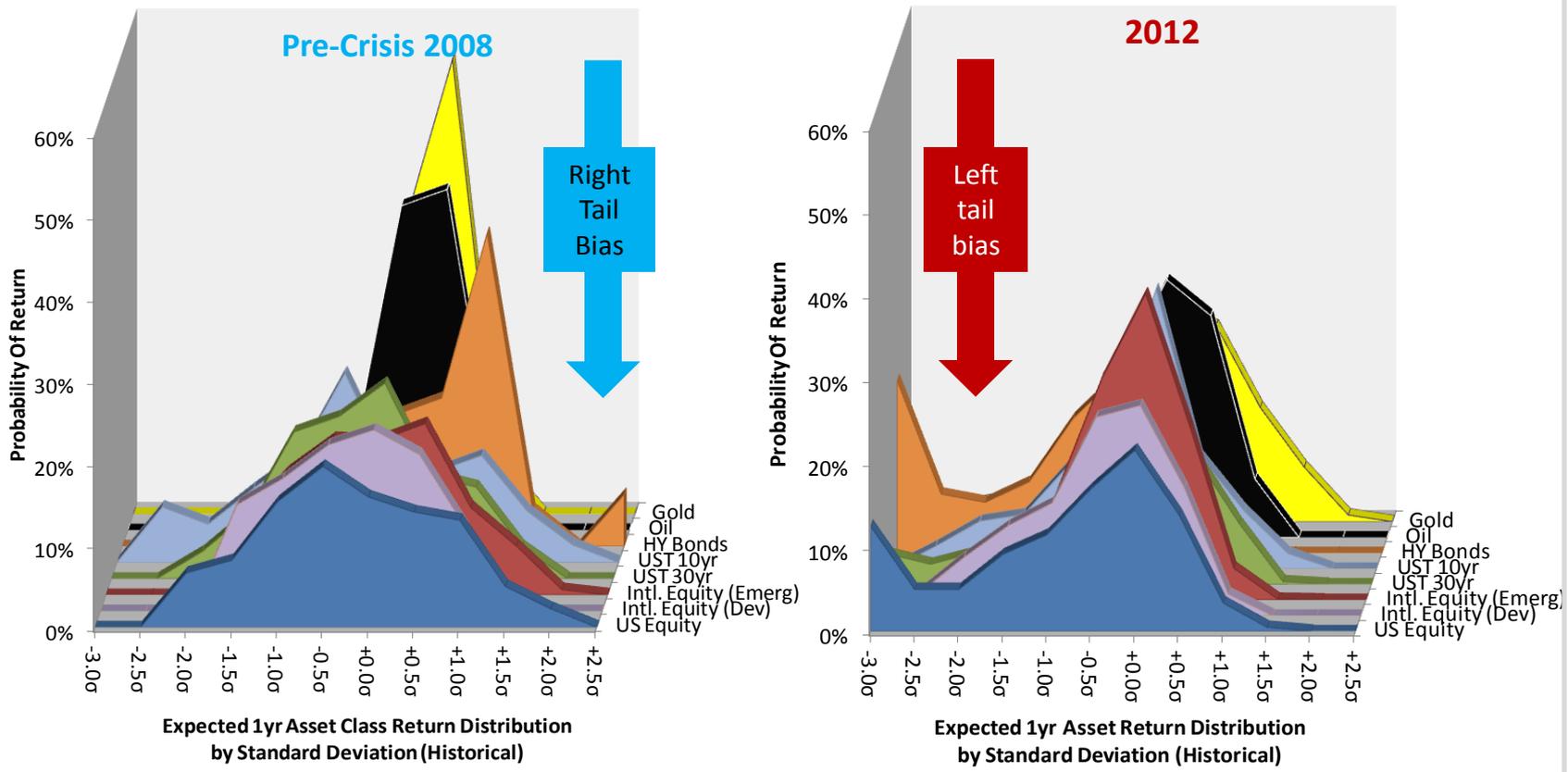
(Volatility futures & Options, SPX Vol Term Structure)



The more people fear the LEFT TAIL the more you should buy the RIGHT... and vice versa

Role of the trader is not so much to predict the future but to identify mispriced risk
The options market is consistently late to the game in pricing both the right and left tails

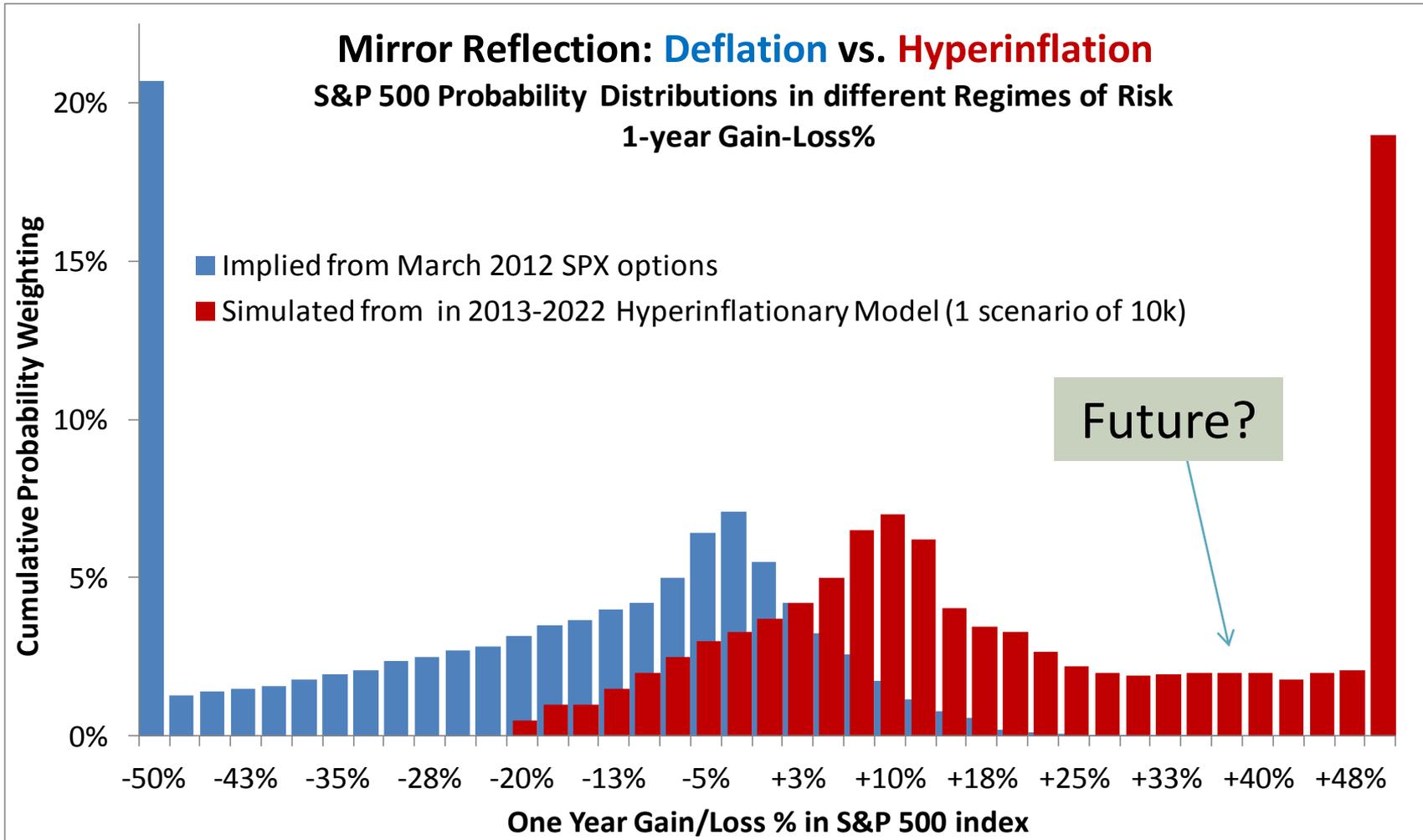
Cross Asset Implied Probability Distribution Comparison (2008 pre-crisis to 2012) Variance Swap Weighting { SPY, EFA, EEM, TLT, IEF, HYG, USO, GLD }



Note: Artemis calculates the implied probability distribution using interpolated weights from variance swap pricing. This methodology may give higher weightings to tails in down markets than more traditional methods like taking the second derivative of call prices, fitting mixture of normal PDFs to recover prices, or fitting vol models (SVI,SABR).

The more people fear the LEFT TAIL the more you should buy the RIGHT...

Maybe it is correct to buy tail risk insurance ... but is everyone just hedging the wrong tail?



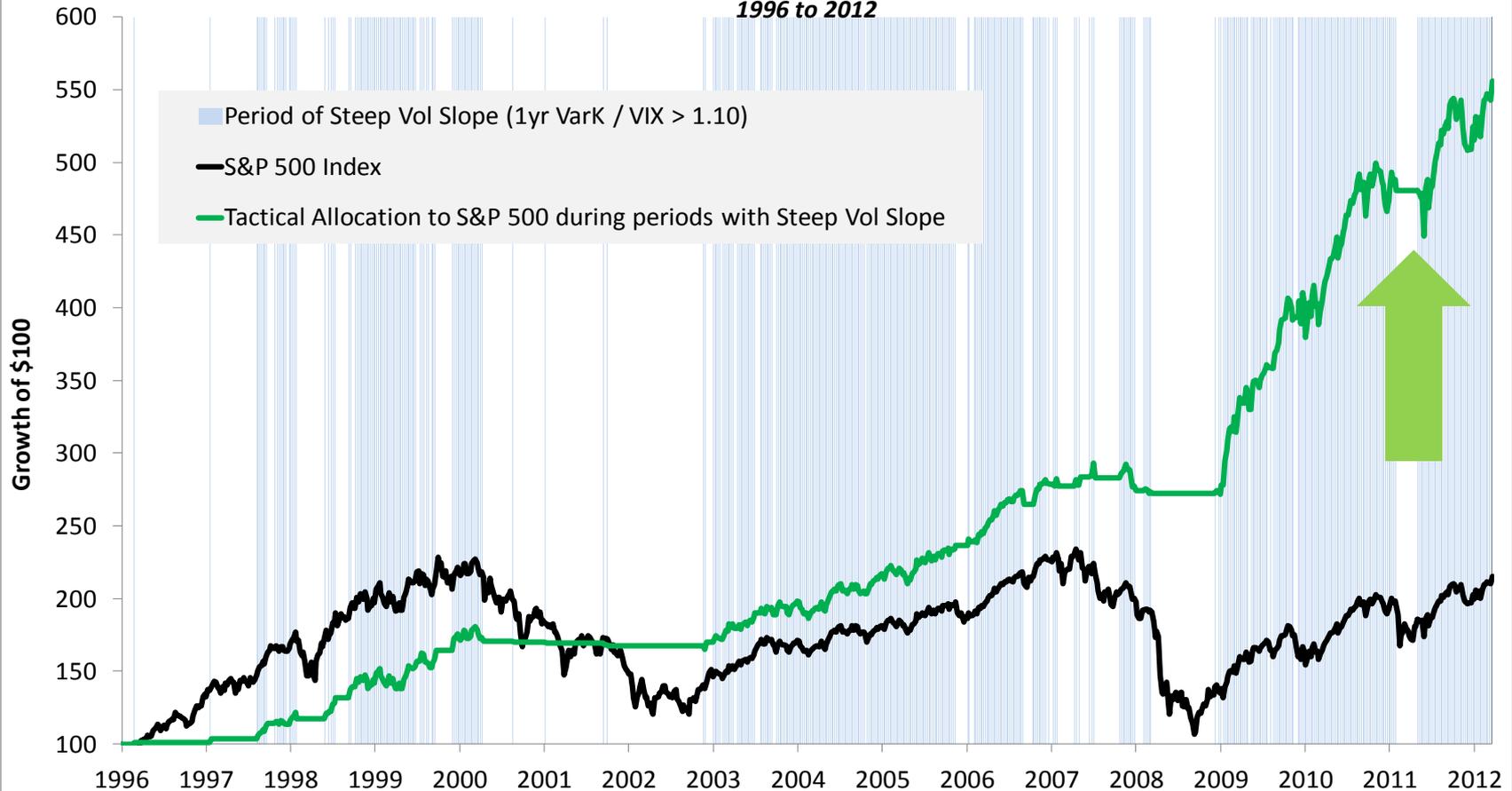
Note: Artemis created a model to simulate the behavior of the S&P 500 index and volatility during an inflationary shock. The model is not intended to be a prediction of the future but is merely a rudimentary stochastic-based method to understand what modern markets may look like in rampant inflation. The simulation runs 10,000 price scenarios for the S&P 500 index over 10 years modeling daily stock price behavior using a generalized Wiener process (Wiener, not Weimar) and a drift rate that assumes linkages between annual CPI and equity performance. We assume inflation rises sharply from current levels of 2.87% in 2012 to 26% by 2015 and stays elevated at that level until 2017 (20% a year overall). The average volatility shifts are based upon assumptions regarding equity return to variance parameters observed in prior inflationary episodes (1970s US & 1920s Germany). The simulation shows annualized SPX returns for the decade at +9.94% but adjusted for inflation this drops to -9.8%.

Fear over Fundamentals

It is hard to have a bear market in a bull-market for fear
Volatility term-structure is an effective indicator to inform equity exposure

It pays to have exposure to stocks when markets are hedged!

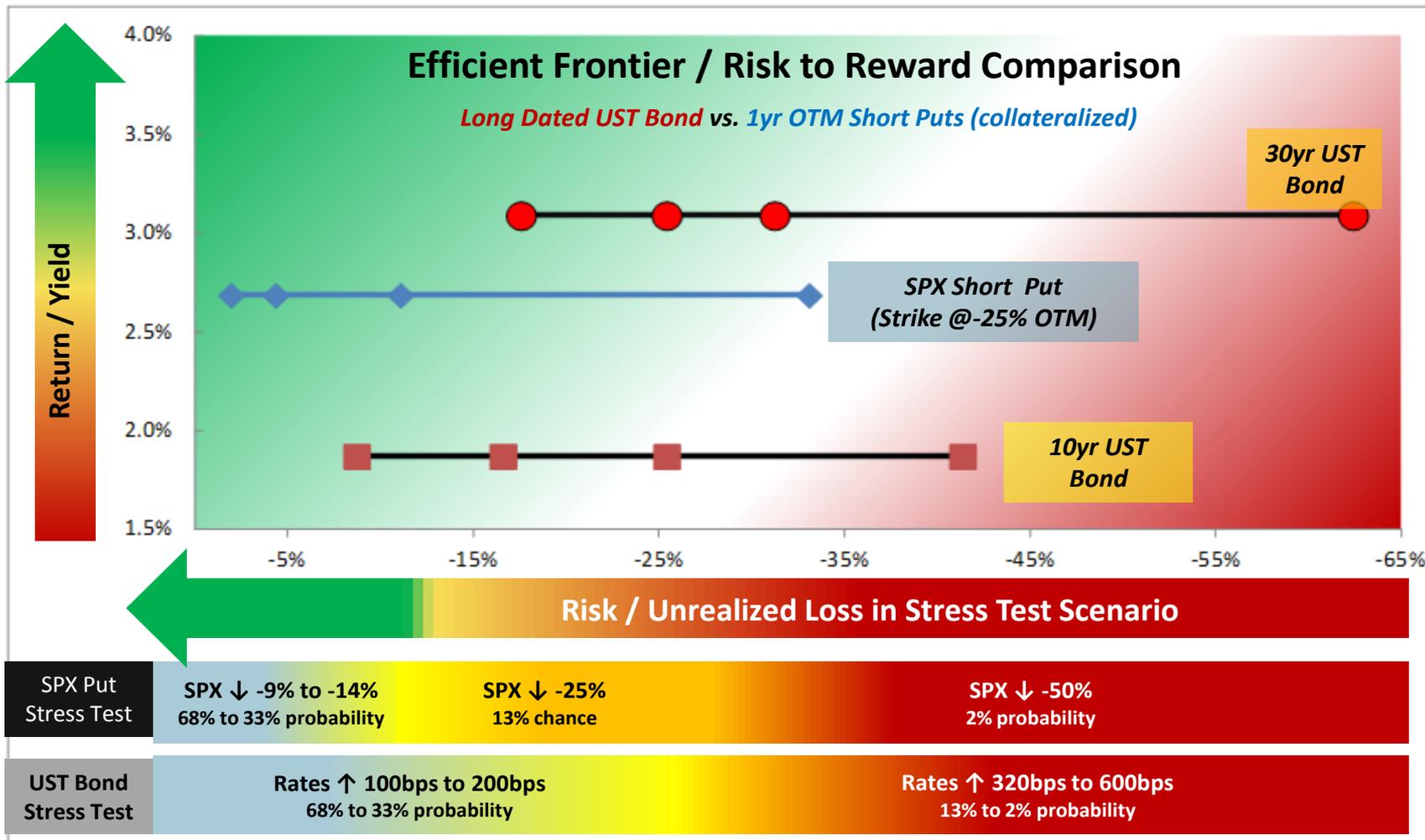
*S&P 500 index portfolio exposure based on Vol Slope
1996 to 2012*



Risk Free Assets are Risky

When the “**Bull Market in Fear**” meets a “**Bubble in Safety**” a short equity option position and “risk-free’ UST bond have similar risk-to-reward payoffs!

BULL MARKET IN FEAR

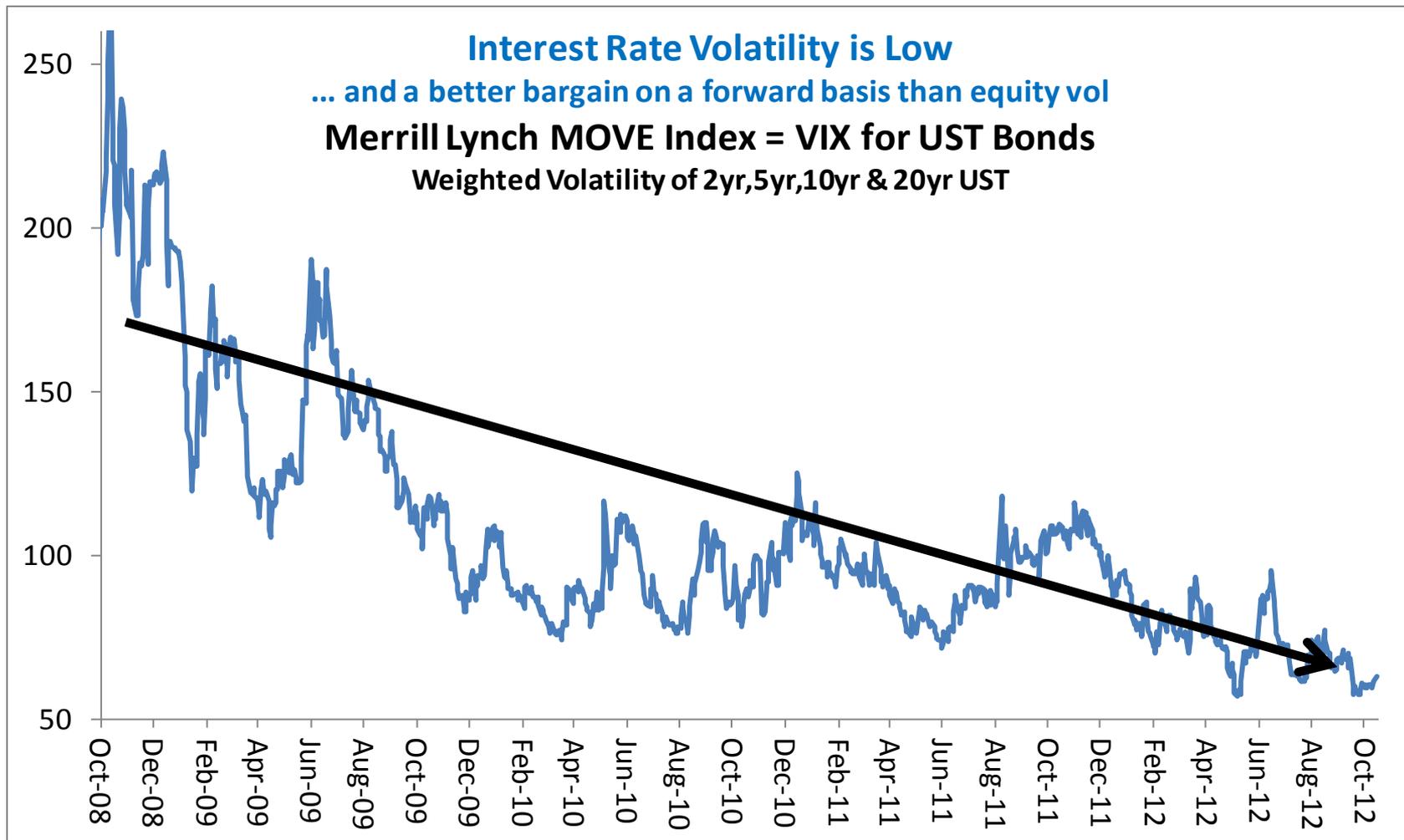


Note: All data as of September 14, 2012. Estimated unrealized loss on position given stress test scenario. Historic probability data based on period of 1960 - 2012 for the UST bonds and 1950 to 2012 for the S&P 500 index. Option pricing based on estimated local volatility shifts, however actual shifts may differ from estimates during a real crash depending. All stress tests are assumed to occur close to the purchase period of the instrument. Unrealized losses may differ closer to maturity.



Risk Free Assets are Risky

When risk-free is risky ... it is time to buy volatility on safety itself
*Higher interest rate volatility can be realized in **deflation** and inflation*



Volatility of an Impossible Object

Modern financial markets are an impossible object
Volatility of an impossible object is our changing perception of risk



Volatility of an Impossible Object

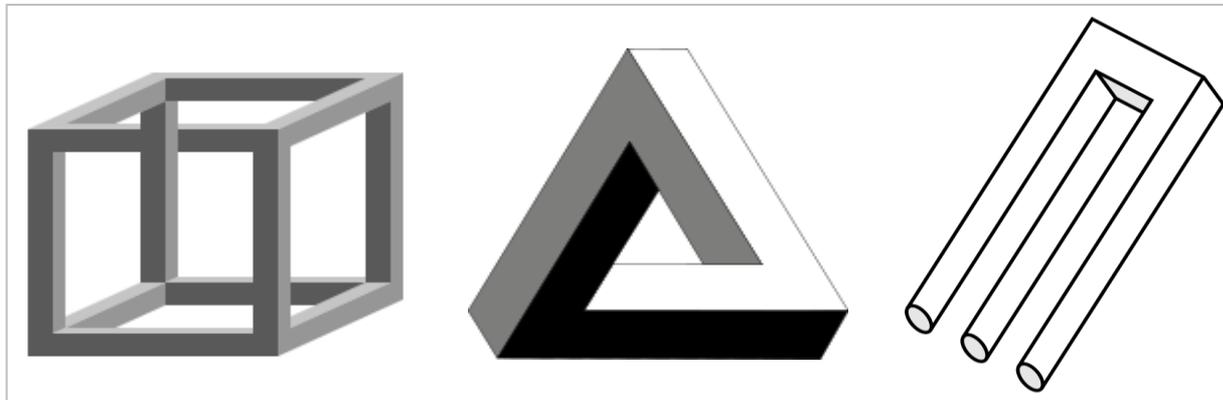
the next “Unknown Unknown” Crash...

What is not priced into markets that will seem as obvious in 10 years as it is laughable today?

Bull Market in Fear is prepared for yesterday's crash...
you want to be hedged for what happens tomorrow

Fracture between the fundamental
and the abstract is a source of great risk

Today everyone is afraid of the next 2008
I am afraid of the next 1987... possibly for stocks...
but more likely bonds

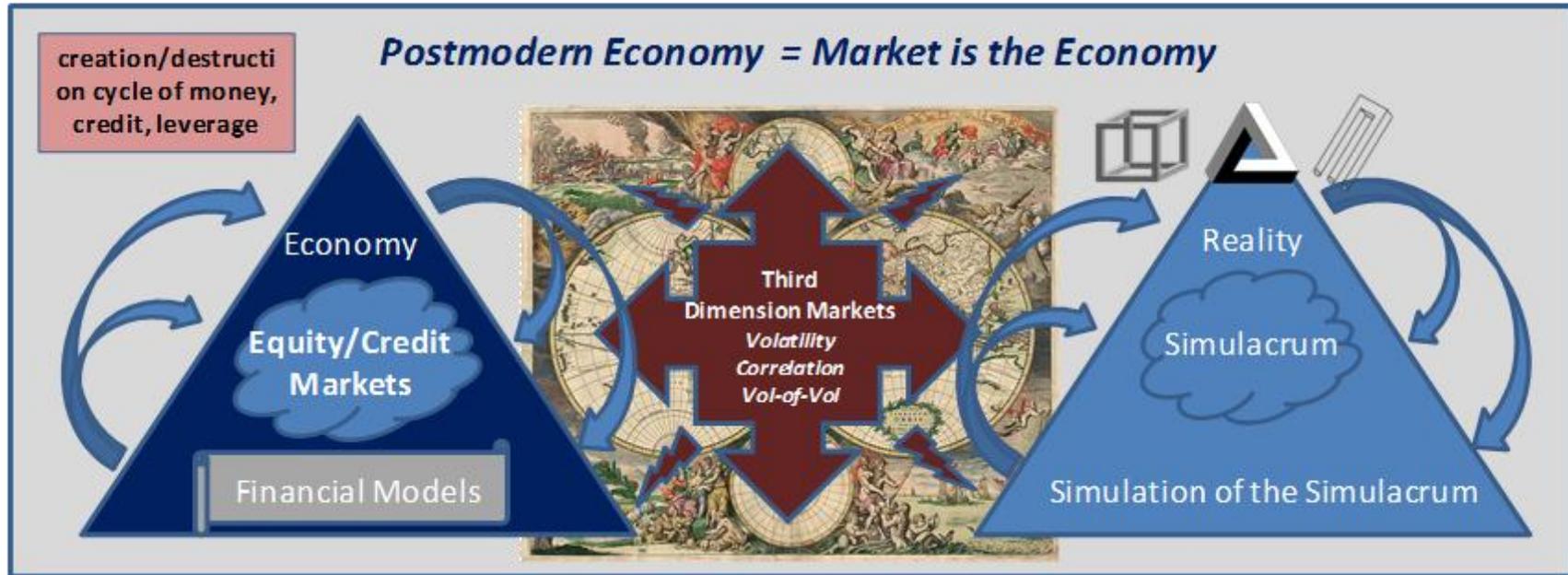


Post-Modern Economy & “Simulacra and Simulation”

Baudrillard recalls Borges fable about cartographers of a great empire who drew a detailed map

When the empire collapses the map is accepted as truth and the empire forgotten

*In the postmodern economy market expectations are **more important** to fundamental growth than the reality of supply and demand the market was designed to mimic*



What Baudrillard calls “the desert of the real” is what Bernanke identifies as the “wealth effect”

The real economy is not slave to the shadow banking system... our economy **IS** the shadow banking system the empire is gone and **we live in the abstraction**

Volatility can be more than just FEAR

Volatility is the perfect post-modern asset class for our existential economic future...



Volatility as a concept is widely misunderstood. Volatility is not fear. Volatility is not the VIX index. Volatility is not a statistic or a standard deviation, Black-Scholes input, or any other number derived by abstract formula.

Volatility is no different in markets than it is to life.

Volatility is an instrument of truth

Regardless of how it is measured volatility reflects the difference between the world as we imagine it to be and the world that actually exists

We will only prosper if we relentlessly search for nothing but the truth, otherwise the truth will find us through volatility

**the Truth is that Capitalism can save us...
but First We Must Find a Way to Save Capitalism**

Reference Material & Acknowledgements

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Definition of "Impossible Object" / Wikipedia / http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Impossible_object

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Christopher Cole, CFA

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Christopher R. Cole, CFA is the founder of Artemis Capital Management LLC and the portfolio manager of the Artemis Vega Fund LP. Mr. Cole's core focus is systematic, quantitative, and behavioral based trading of exchange-traded volatility futures and options. His decision to form a fund came after achieving significant proprietary returns during the 2008 financial crash trading volatility futures. His research letters and volatility commentaries have been widely quoted including by publications such as the Financial Times, Bloomberg, International Financing Review, CFA Magazine, and Forbes. He previously worked in capital markets and investment banking at Merrill Lynch. During his career in investment banking and pension consulting he structured over \$10 billion in derivatives and debt transactions for many high profile issuers. Mr. Cole holds the Chartered Financial Analyst designation, is an associate member of the NFA, and graduated Magna Cum Laude from the University of Southern California.

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An investment in the Partnership and strategies discussed in this document involve a number of significant risks. For a full list of potential risk factors please review the Offering Memorandum. Prospective Limited Partners should read the entire Memorandum and the Partnership Agreement and consult with their own advisers before deciding whether to invest in the Partnership. In addition, as the Partnership's investment program develops and changes over time, an investment in the Partnership may be subject to additional and different risk factors. Prospective investors should also consult with their own financial, tax and legal advisors regarding the suitability of this investment. Artemis Capital Management, L.L.C. does not guarantee returns and investors bear the risk of losing a substantial portion of or potentially their entire investment.

All 2009 performance numbers quoted within this document are derived from financial statements that were audited by Spicer Jeffries. Proprietary trading results for White Fox, LLC (the "Proprietary Account") are presented within this document that were verified by Spicer Jeffries. The Principal of the General Partner, Christopher R. Cole, used the Proprietary Account as a vehicle to incubate the investment strategy of the Partnership with personal funds as well as those of close family members. Note that no management or performance fees were charged to the Proprietary Account profiled. Accordingly, the Pro Forma Performance presented in this document includes imposition of a 2% Management Fee and 20% Performance Allocation (in line with those charged against the Partnership). Past performance is not indicative of future returns.

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